

Test Bank for Discovering Psychology 1st Cacioppo

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Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

1. What is the essential similarity between the structuralists and the functionalists?
- a. the individual's need for introspection
 - b. an emphasis on unconscious experience
 - c. the study of the purpose of behaviour
 - d. the focus on one's conscious experience

ANSWER: d

2. Who is considered the "father of psychology"?
- a. Sigmund Freud
 - b. Edward Titchener
 - c. Wilhelm Wundt
 - d. John Watson

ANSWER: c

3. If you believe that human consciousness could be broken down into parts, just like matter can be broken down into atoms, you would MOST likely be a proponent of which school of psychology?
- a. structuralism
 - b. functionalism
 - c. behaviourism
 - d. psychoanalysis

ANSWER: a

4. Anna wants to read *Principles of Psychology* by William James so that she can better understand the foundation of which of the following?
- a. voluntarism
 - b. structuralism
 - c. functionalism
 - d. behaviourism

ANSWER: c

5. In order to understand the school of structuralism, Ahmed should study the work of which psychologist?
- a. Wilhelm Wundt
 - b. Edward Titchener
 - c. Sigmund Freud
 - d. John B. Watson

ANSWER: b

6. When discussing consciousness, structuralism is to functionalism as:
- a. stream is to mountain.
 - b. mountain is to air.
 - c. air is to particle.
 - d. particle is to stream.

ANSWER: d

7. Why did Titchener call his perspective structuralism?
- a. It focused on describing the structure of conscious experience.
 - b. It focused on identifying the major brain structures.
 - c. It focused on understanding the physiology of the mind.
 - d. It focused on analyzing the elements of the nervous system.

ANSWER: a

8. A participant seated in an otherwise dark room stares at a flickering candle and reports on her objective experiences, such as the visual experience of the candle flickering and the haptic sensation of warmth. Which of the following psychologists is most likely to be conducting this experiment?
- a. Freud, using psychoanalysis
 - b. Wundt, using introspection

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- c. James, using functionalism d. Titchener, using behaviourism

ANSWER: b

9. Who founded behaviourism?

- a. Sigmund Freud b. William James
c. John B. Watson d. Edward Titchener

ANSWER: c

10. The cognitive perspective of psychology focuses on which of the following?

- a. the important role of mental processes in how people process and remember information, develop language, solve problems, and think
b. how overt behaviour is acquired and modified by environmental influences
c. the diversity of human behaviour in different cultural settings and countries
d. the motivation of people to grow psychologically, the influence of interpersonal relationships

ANSWER: a

11. Compared with the structuralists, early behaviourists were much LESS apt to focus on the study of which of the following?

- a. smiling b. helping
c. fighting d. thinking

ANSWER: d

12. Abraham Maslow's ideas could be viewed as MOST similar to those of which of the following?

- a. Sigmund Freud b. B. F. Skinner
c. Carl Rogers d. Mary Whiton Calkins

ANSWER: c

13. Lauren's therapist frequently asks her questions about her dreams and early childhood memories. Her therapist is MOST likely to be which type of psychologist?

- a. humanistic b. cognitive
c. psychoanalytic d. forensic

ANSWER: c

14. Maslow is to humanistic psychology as:

- a. Wundt is to psychoanalysis.
b. James is to introspection.
c. Watson is to behaviourism.
d. Titchener is to contemporary psychology.

ANSWER: c

15. In her undergraduate research internship, Sima is using positive reinforcement to help her aging rats become more active. Sima's strategy has been MOST predominantly influenced by the work of which of the following?

- a. B. F. Skinner b. John Watson

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- c. Carl Rogers d. Ivan Pavlov

ANSWER: a

16. Chloe's psychology professor stated in class that "human nature is essentially positive, and people are naturally inclined to grow and change for the better; theories that presume the lack of control people have over their lives are wrong." This statement MOST closely coincides with which of the following perspectives?

- a. psychoanalysis b. structuralism
c. humanistic psychology d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: c

17. Which of the following is the study of mental processes and how they relate to the brain?

- a. cognitive neuroscience b. social neuroscience
c. health psychology d. positive psychology

ANSWER: a

18. Which field is currently the MOST popular specialty area for psychologists?

- a. industrial/organizational psychology b. cognitive psychology
c. clinical psychology d. school psychology

ANSWER: c

19. What are currently the two MOST common settings where PhD psychologists work?

- a. universities and private practices b. private practices and government offices
c. government offices and schools d. schools and universities

ANSWER: a

20. A focus on the marriage rituals practised by members of different ethnic groups is of most relevance to which of the following perspectives?

- a. evolutionary perspective b. cross-cultural perspective
c. psychodynamic perspective d. cognitive perspective

ANSWER: b

21. Mia has recently moved back in with her mother and the pair are constantly arguing; neither Mia nor her mother are happy. Mia and her mother may find help by seeing which of the following professionals?

- a. counselling psychologist b. psychiatrist
c. clinical psychologist d. forensic psychologist

ANSWER: a

22. Rodrigo wants to study introversion and extraversion in graduate school. Rodrigo appears to have an interest in which type of psychology?

- a. personality psychology b. forensic psychology
c. clinical psychology d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: a

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

23. Dr. Ehrle is studying a large sample of people from Congo and Sweden to see if the distribution of personality traits among each of those country's citizens is similar to the distribution of personality traits among Canadians. Which type of research is Dr. Ehrle conducting?

- a. cross-cultural research b. forensic research
- c. clinical research d. developmental research

ANSWER: a

24. Dr. Appleton only pursues research that he feels will improve people's happiness. Which type of psychology is Dr. Appleton's approach aligned with?

- a. humanistic psychology b. cognitive psychology
- c. personality psychology d. clinical psychology

ANSWER: a

25. Who founded the first psychology lab in Germany in 1879?

- a. Edward Titchener b. Sigmund Freud
- c. Willhelm Wundt d. B. F. Skinner

ANSWER: c

26. Dr. Abdukamir is interested in the subjective feelings and thoughts that people experience. What does Dr. Abdukamir MOST likely study?

- a. consciousness b. observable behaviour
- c. unconsciousness d. social behaviour

ANSWER: a

27. Which of the following was studied by both the structuralists and the functionalists?

- a. introspection b. unconscious experience
- c. the purpose of behaviour d. conscious experience

ANSWER: d

28. William James's view of consciousness is MOST similar to which of the following?

- a. a flowing stream b. the parts of an atom
- c. an explanatory fiction d. the parts of a clock

ANSWER: a

29. Reggie has been asked to summarize Wundt's research interests in two words. What two words could he use?

- a. animal intelligence b. personality development
- c. social influence d. conscious activities

ANSWER: d

30. Erica is participating in a debate in psychology class. She is arguing that it is pointless to study consciousness at discrete points in time. Erica has been tasked with arguing AGAINST the theories of which of the following people?

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- a. Edward Titchener b. Sigmund Freud
- c. William Wundt d. B. F. Skinner

ANSWER: a

31. Which of the following was a paradigm developed by a student of William Wundt?

- a. structuralism b. functionalism
- c. behaviourism d. psychoanalysis

ANSWER: a

32. Who was the FIRST to argue that psychology should be an independent discipline?

- a. William Wundt b. William James
- c. Sigmund Freud d. Edward Titchener

ANSWER: a

33. Maxim is looking at a photograph of the first ever psychology lab. Who founded this lab?

- a. Wilhelm Wundt b. Edward Titchener
- c. Sigmund Freud d. John B. Watson

ANSWER: a

34. What was the first “school” in psychology?

- a. structuralism b. functionalism
- c. behaviourism d. psychoanalysis

ANSWER: a

35. The early psychological school called structuralism emphasized the study of which of the following?

- a. habits and adaptive behaviour
- b. neuroscience
- c. nature versus nurture
- d. the components of sensations and conscious experience

ANSWER: d

36. Which school of thought in psychology was started by Edward B. Titchener (1867–1927)?

- a. psychoanalysis b. functionalism
- c. structuralism d. behaviourism

ANSWER: c

37. The structuralist approach was both applauded and criticized for its emphasis on which of the following?

- a. the observation of behaviour b. introspection
- c. unconscious motivations d. multiculturalism

ANSWER: b

38. Which research method did structuralists use to identify the basic elements of the human mind?

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- a. psychoanalysis b. introspection
- c. behaviourism d. psychotherapy

ANSWER: b

39. Abbie is concerned with the basic components of conscious experiences. What school of psychology does Abbie MOST likely support?

- a. structuralism b. behaviourism
- c. psychoanalysis d. functionalism

ANSWER: a

40. Which of the following is a required component of introspection?

- a. metaphysical experiences
- b. self-skepticism about experience
- c. empiricism
- d. examining one's own perception and thoughts

ANSWER: d

41. Kariel is participating in an experiment where she has been asked to break down the different components of taste when biting into a piece of chocolate. The researcher is MOST likely a proponent of which of the following?

- a. structuralism b. functionalism
- c. behaviourism d. voluntarism

ANSWER: a

42. Which of the following is associated with structuralism?

- a. neuroscience b. psychoanalysis
- c. introspection d. reinforcement

ANSWER: c

43. Some researchers ask their subjects to describe elements of their experiences (e.g., sensations, images, feelings) while undergoing fMRI scans. What is this technique similar to?

- a. free association b. behaviourism
- c. introspection d. functionalism

ANSWER: c

44. If Ping is trying to replicate an experiment conducted by a structuralist, what technique will she have to use?

- a. conditioning b. introspection
- c. psychoanalysis d. hypnosis

ANSWER: b

45. Geoffrey is reading a description of the instructions given to a participant who is to use introspection to describe their conscious experience. The description Geoffrey is reading stems from the basic principles developed by which of the following psychologists?

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- a. Wilhelm Wundt b. Edward Titchener
- c. Sigmund Freud d. John B. Watson

ANSWER: b

46. The early school of psychology called functionalism was largely influenced by the ideas of which of the following psychologists?

- a. Sigmund Freud b. William James
- c. B. F. Skinner d. Edward Titchener

ANSWER: b

47. Which school of psychology is most clearly concerned with the adaptive value of complex mental processes?

- a. structuralism b. behaviourism
- c. psychoanalysis d. functionalism

ANSWER: d

48. Which psychologist was MOST interested in the impact of evolution on psychology?

- a. William James b. Wilhelm Wundt
- c. Edward Titchener d. Sigmund Freud

ANSWER: a

49. Which psychologist coined the term “stream of consciousness”?

- a. Sigmund Freud b. William James
- c. William Wundt d. Edward Titchener

ANSWER: b

50. Which school of psychology studies the purpose of mental processes in enabling us to adapt to our environment?

- a. psychoanalysis b. functionalism
- c. structuralism d. behaviourism

ANSWER: b

51. William James’s theories about psychology were MOST influenced by the work of which of the following people?

- a. B. F. Skinner b. Plato
- c. Charles Darwin d. Rene Descartes

ANSWER: c

52. Who wrote the textbook *Principles of Psychology*?

- a. Wilhelm Wundt b. John B. Watson
- c. Edward B. Titchener d. William James

ANSWER: d

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

53. What did William James liken consciousness to?

- a. a jigsaw puzzle b. a stream
- c. a planet d. an iceberg

ANSWER: b

54. What two academic disciplines are MOST closely associated with the emergence of psychology?

- a. physiology and philosophy b. philosophy and history
- c. history and chemistry d. chemistry and physiology

ANSWER: a

55. Professor Wong is discussing the history of psychology in an introductory psychology class. She explains that the discipline of psychology is like a child whose parents were which two disciplines?

- a. phrenology and chemistry b. chemistry and philosophy
- c. philosophy and physiology d. physiology and phrenology

ANSWER: c

56. Marina is planning a trip to visit the first-ever psychology lab. Where is Marina travelling to?

- a. Leipzig b. Stanford
- c. Boston d. Vienna

ANSWER: a

57. In the early years of psychology, the GREATEST debate was between proponents of which two schools?

- a. functionalism and structuralism b. structuralism and psychoanalysis
- c. psychoanalysis and voluntarism d. voluntarism and functionalism

ANSWER: a

58. William James believed that structuralism was flawed because it involved taking only brief snapshots of which of the following?

- a. consciousness b. history
- c. the unconscious d. pain

ANSWER: a

59. Professor Stein is using particles as an analogy for the components of consciousness. What topic is Professor Stein MOST likely discussing in class?

- a. functionalists b. structuralists
- c. psychoanalysts d. behaviourists

ANSWER: b

60. Proponents of functionalism criticized proponents of which school of early psychology for lacking objectivity?

- a. structuralism b. psychoanalysis
- c. physiology d. behaviourism

ANSWER: a

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

61. Understanding why a fear of darkness may have contributed to the survival of our human ancestors is a topic MOST relevant to which perspective?

- a. behaviourist b. cognitive
- c. evolutionary d. psychodynamic

ANSWER: c

62. Alfredo's psychology professor explains to his class that behaviour and personality are influenced by conflicts that occur at an unconscious level. Alfredo's professor's beliefs most closely resemble those of which of the following?

- a. Carl Rogers b. Abraham Maslow
- c. Sigmund Freud d. B. F. Skinner

ANSWER: c

63. Who founded psychoanalysis?

- a. B. F. Skinner b. Carl Rogers
- c. Wilhelm Wundt d. Sigmund Freud

ANSWER: d

64. Behaviourism is characterized by which of the following?

- a. a focus upon observable behaviour
- b. a narrow focus upon consciousness and conscious experience
- c. a focus upon the importance of free will and psychological growth
- d. an emphasis upon the unconscious determinants of personality

ANSWER: a

65. Who pioneered the early research demonstrating that an association between a neutral stimulus and an automatic behaviour could be learned?

- a. John B. Watson b. Ivan Pavlov
- c. B. F. Skinner d. Sigmund Freud

ANSWER: b

66. Ivan Pavlov is best known for pioneering research related to which of the following?

- a. learning b. perception
- c. personality d. mental illness

ANSWER: a

67. Which perspective stresses the importance of studying observable behaviours and ignores the mental processes involved in different tasks?

- a. behaviourism b. natural selection
- c. humanism d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: a

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

68. Which of the following is considered to be the “third force” in American psychology?

- a. humanistic psychology b. behaviourism
- c. sociocultural psychology d. psychoanalysis

ANSWER: a

69. Who developed a theory of motivation that emphasizes psychological growth?

- a. Carl Rogers b. Margaret Floy Washburn
- c. Abraham Maslow d. John B. Watson

ANSWER: c

70. What is the focus of the cognitive perspective of psychology?

- a. the important role of mental processes
- b. how overt behaviour is modified by environmental influences
- c. the diversity of human behaviour in different cultural settings
- d. the motivation of people to grow psychologically

ANSWER: a

71. Which perspective examines mental processes such as thinking, memory, and language?

- a. evolutionary psychology b. behaviourism
- c. biological psychology d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: d

72. Abraham Maslow helped found which perspective?

- a. cognitive b. behaviourist
- c. humanistic d. cognitive neuroscience

ANSWER: c

73. What was the purpose of Freud’s psychoanalytic approach to therapy?

- a. to identify one’s unconscious thoughts and bring them into one’s awareness
- b. to help patients repress their unconscious thoughts, fears, and anxieties
- c. to identify mental processes from recording observable behaviours
- d. to talk about sexual fantasies

ANSWER: a

74. Which of the following is recommended as a “cross-cutting perspective” that should be considered when examining any human behaviour?

- a. human development b. cultural and diversity
- c. personality d. cognitive neuroscience

ANSWER: b

75. What did the humanistic psychology movement founded by Carl Rogers emphasize more than the work of Freud did?

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- a. conscious experiences b. childhood experiences
- c. observable behaviour d. dream analysis

ANSWER: a

76. Which perspective emphasizes the influence of the current environment on one's potential for growth?

- a. Freudian psychology b. functionalism
- c. structuralism d. humanistic psychology

ANSWER: d

77. According to Freud, what influences a person's thoughts, feelings, and actions without the person's awareness?

- a. the conscious mind b. the unconscious mind
- c. the overt behaviour of others d. the contents of short-term memory

ANSWER: b

78. What were the behaviourists best known for studying?

- a. that which is observable b. that which is not observable
- c. processes that cannot be learned d. behaviours that cannot be measured

ANSWER: a

79. Which of the following researchers was a pioneer in the field of neuroscience?

- a. Donald Hebb b. Ulric Neisser
- c. Carl Rogers d. Stanley Milgram

ANSWER: a

80. Which perspective examines the impact of culture on psychology?

- a. behaviourism b. social and personality
- c. clinical d. biological and evolutionary

ANSWER: b

81. Tim has been asked to write a paper on the history of the school of psychology called behaviourism. He will MOST likely include work by which of the following psychologists?

- a. Watson, Pavlov, and Freud b. Wundt, Skinner, and Pavlov
- c. Pavlov, Freud, and Watson d. Pavlov, Watson, and Skinner

ANSWER: d

82. In an essay she is writing, Rasheda defines behaviourism as the scientific study of which of the following areas?

- a. mental life b. observable behaviour
- c. mental events d. cognition

ANSWER: b

83. The leader of a self-help group has asked you to recommend an approach to psychology that emphasizes

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

personal growth and people's need for love and acceptance. Which branch of psychology would you recommend for this group?

- a. behaviourism b. functionalism
- c. structuralism d. humanistic psychology

ANSWER: d

84. Jamal is writing a paper on Donald Hebb. Which topic will his paper likely touch upon?

- a. cell assemblies b. self-actualization
- c. ethnocentrism d. consciousness

ANSWER: a

85. Dr. Khan's research focuses on identifying traits that are universal across cultures. Which of the following is Dr. Khan MOST likely to be?

- a. a neuroscientist b. an evolutionary psychologist
- c. a behaviourist d. a clinical psychologist

ANSWER: b

86. Dr. Amadi is a cognitive psychologist. Which of the following topics is he MOST likely to be interested in?

- a. reinforcement b. memory
- c. personality d. mental health

ANSWER: b

87. Dr. Reichart believes that a lot can be learned from dream analysis. Which of the following does Dr. Reichart MOST identify with?

- a. psychoanalysis b. behaviourism
- c. humanistic psychology d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: a

88. Professor Mukherjee is an evolutionary psychologist. Which of the following is she MOST likely to be interested in?

- a. adaptations b. dreams
- c. learning d. self-actualization

ANSWER: a

89. Barrett admires Abraham Maslow. As a result, Barrett is MOST likely to identify himself as which of the following?

- a. a behaviourist b. a humanist
- c. a psychoanalyst d. a neuroscientist

ANSWER: b

90. Dr. Lam studies cell assemblies. Which of the following is Dr. Lam MOST likely to be?

- a. a behaviourist b. a neuroscientist
- c. a psychoanalyst d. a humanist

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

ANSWER: b

91. Who would have been most likely to say: “You behave the way you do because of unconscious reasons, not reasons in your consciousness”?

- a. B. F. Skinner b. Carl Rogers
- c. Wilhelm Wundt d. Sigmund Freud

ANSWER: d

92. Jasmine is being asked in her psychotherapy sessions to discuss her early childhood experiences and dreams. Jasmine’s therapist has MOST likely been influenced by the ideas of which person?

- a. Abraham Maslow b. Carl Rogers
- c. Sigmund Freud d. William James

ANSWER: c

93. Tess’s psychology professor stated in class that “The goal of psychology is to discover how behaviour is acquired and modified in response to environmental influences.” Which perspective does such a statement coincide with?

- a. psychoanalysis b. structuralism
- c. humanistic psychology d. behaviourism

ANSWER: d

94. A group home for adolescents uses specific rewards and consequences to shape behaviour. Which branch of psychology is this approach based on?

- a. humanistic psychology b. functionalism
- c. behaviourism d. psychoanalysis

ANSWER: c

95. Kai Fai begins seeing a therapist to cope with a number of stressful life events. The therapist does not focus on his childhood or on any learned behaviours, but rather she emphasizes the importance of Kai Fai’s need for love and acceptance. To which school of thought does this therapist belong?

- a. functionalism b. behaviourism
- c. psychoanalytic psychology d. humanistic psychology

ANSWER: d

96. Skinner is to behaviourism as:

- a. Watson is to psychoanalysis.
- b. Maslow is to humanistic psychology.
- c. Freud is to behaviourism.
- d. Titchener is to contemporary psychology.

ANSWER: b

97. More psychologists with Masters degrees work in which field than in any other domain?

- a. research b. management services

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- c. professional services d. teaching

ANSWER: c

98. Research is more common as a profession for psychologists with which type of degrees than psychologists with other degrees?

- a. Doctorate b. Master's
c. Bachelor's d. Professional

ANSWER: a

99. Where do MOST PhD psychologists work?

- a. in hospitals b. in human service agencies
c. in government d. in private practices

ANSWER: d

100. Which type of graduate program in psychology requires an internship to be completed before graduation?

- a. clinical b. social
c. cognitive d. developmental

ANSWER: a

101. What is the main role of a clinical psychologist?

- a. to treat psychological disorders b. to prescribe medications
c. to give career guidance d. to provide social services

ANSWER: a

102. Which professional MUST have a medical degree?

- a. a psychiatrist b. a clinical psychologist
c. a counselling psychologist d. a social worker

ANSWER: a

103. Which area of psychology focuses on human strengths, fulfillment, and creativity?

- a. forensic psychology b. clinical psychology
c. positive psychology d. cognitive psychology

ANSWER: c

104. Advances in technology have led to the development of new fields of psychology in the 21st century, including which of the following?

- a. cognitive neuroscience b. behaviourism
c. social psychology d. functionalism

ANSWER: a

105. A relatively new aspect of psychological research examines the effect of which of the following on psychological phenomena?

- a. biology b. culture

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- c. reinforcement d. the unconscious

ANSWER: b

106. Which type of psychologist specializes in the administration of tests?

- a. cognitive b. school
c. social d. developmental

ANSWER: b

107. Which subfield of psychology is primarily interested in understanding an individual's consistency in personal behaviour across a variety of settings?

- a. personality psychology b. cognitive psychology
c. psychometrics d. physiological psychology

ANSWER: a

108. Evolutionary psychology is closely related to which type of psychology?

- a. clinical b. counselling
c. biological d. developmental

ANSWER: c

109. Which of the following describes the study of how people find happiness.

- a. cognitive b. humanistic
c. clinical d. health

ANSWER: b

110. Which approach to psychology may test to see if theories developed in the West apply to all people?

- a. cross-cultural b. personality
c. developmental d. forensic

ANSWER: a

111. Which type of psychology degree is MOST frequently a starting point for a career in sales?

- a. bachelor's b. master's
c. doctorate d. professional

ANSWER: a

112. Dr. Wu has received approval for her research grant to study the effects of divorce on children aged 5 to 12 in terms of maturational milestones. Dr. Wu is most likely to be which type of psychologist?

- a. a counselling psychologist b. a social psychologist
c. a clinical psychologist d. a developmental psychologist

ANSWER: d

113. Professor Kovacs conducts research on the progressive changes in infants' perceptual skills during the first year of life. Professor Kovacs is MOST likely to be which type of psychologist?

- a. developmental psychologist b. clinical psychologist

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

- c. personality psychologist d. social psychologist

ANSWER: a

114. Most people who call themselves psychologists are in which subfield of psychology?

- a. counselling psychology b. cognitive psychology
c. school psychology d. clinical psychology

ANSWER: d

115. A researcher who focuses on how behaviour and thinking vary across situations and ethnicities is MOST likely which of the following?

- a. behavioural psychologist b. behavioural geneticist
c. cognitive psychologist d. social psychologist

ANSWER: d

116. Peter is pursuing a career in the most popular field for PhD psychologists. What is Peter hoping to become?

- a. a private practitioner b. an academic
c. a social worker d. a counselling psychologist

ANSWER: a

117. Natalie has a Ph.D. and treats people with anxiety and depression. Natalie cannot prescribe medications. Natalie is MOST like a(n)

- a. clinical psychologist b. social psychologist
c. psychiatrist d. counselling psychologist

ANSWER: a

118. Hassan is a 24-year-old male presenting with auditory hallucinations, paranoid thoughts of persecution, and claims of “special powers.” Hassan suffers from schizophrenia and sees Dr. Rogers, who is which type of psychologist?

- a. social psychologist b. clinical psychologist
c. applied psychologist d. health psychologist

ANSWER: b

119. In Canada, which type of treatment is typically covered by government insurance?

- a. psychiatrist b. clinical psychologist
c. counselling psychologist d. developmental psychologist

ANSWER: a

120. Carmen wants to help people with memory loss. What field of psychology is she most likely to study?

- a. learning b. developmental
c. social d. cognitive

ANSWER: d

121. Dr. Assam provides psychotherapy to people who suffer from excessive anxiety. Dr. Assam is MOST

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

likely to be which type of psychologist?

- a. social psychologist b. developmental psychologist
- c. clinical psychologist d. cognitive psychologist

ANSWER: c

122. Normal changes in behaviour that occur across childhood are studied by which type of psychologists?

- a. clinical b. counselling
- c. social d. developmental

ANSWER: d

123. Professor Singh uses fMRIs to study brain regions associated with memory. Professor Singh is MOST likely to be which type of professional?

- a. cognitive neuroscientist b. social neuroscientist
- c. evolutionary psychologist d. environmental psychologist

ANSWER: a

124. The effect of isolation on friendships is MOST likely to be studied by which type of psychologist?

- a. social b. developmental
- c. cognitive d. evolutionary

ANSWER: a

125. Mr. and Mrs. McKay are concerned that their daughter may be suffering from depression. To help diagnose and understand her condition better, they would benefit from making an appointment with which type of psychologist?

- a. biological psychologist b. clinical psychologist
- c. cognitive psychologist d. educational psychologist

ANSWER: b

126. Academic and career counselling is typically carried out by which type of psychologists?

- a. clinical b. personality
- c. sport d. school

ANSWER: d

127. Professor Lepp conducts basic research to investigate whether a parent's negative perceptions of their child's personality can affect the child's subsequent behaviour in groups of peers. Professor Lepp is most likely to be which type of psychologist?

- a. clinical psychologist b. social psychologist
- c. biological psychologist d. personality psychologist

ANSWER: b

128. Which psychologist would be interested in the strategies we use to make memories more efficient?

- a. social b. cognitive
- c. biological d. developmental

Chapter 1 - The Science of Mind

ANSWER: b

129. The findings on the phenomenon of social loafing from American and Chinese subjects reminded researchers about the importance of studying which of the following?

- a. ethnocentricity
- b. evolutionary mechanisms
- c. culture and diversity
- d. psychodynamic forces

ANSWER: c

130. Nicola, a new mother, has chosen to co-sleep with her newborn baby, just as her own mother did and many members of Nicola's own community do. For Nicola, which of the following areas MOST reflects her attitudes, beliefs, and behaviours in relation to co-sleeping?

- a. ethnocentrism
- b. tolerance
- c. culture
- d. social loafing

ANSWER: c

131. Which of these individuals is MOST likely to be a psychiatrist?

- a. Ali, who holds a PhD degree
- b. Micah, who has an MD degree
- c. Marisol, who graduated with a PsyD degree
- d. Tara, who has an MSc

ANSWER: b

132. Which of the following professionals is MOST likely to have a master's degree as her most advanced credential?

- a. a psychiatrist
- b. a counselling psychologist
- c. a mental health counsellor
- d. a clinical psychologist

ANSWER: c